5572
FFC-NMR: A promise tool to discriminate infiltrative tumour cells from solid tumours: a study of three glioma mouse models

Maryam Aygın¹,², Sandra Pernier², Markell Jackson³, Ursula Noé⁴, Francine Vernet⁴, Ivan Matic⁴, John A. Brooks³ and Mairi Labahn³

¹Klinik für Radiologie, Medizinische Universität zu Lübeck; ²Mathematical Modeling of the Brain, Urania Badi, ³Médical et Laboratoire, ⁴DéPARTMENT D'IMAGERY, Hôpital Montsouris, Paris, France

Abstract

In this study, we propose to use FFC-NMR to discriminate tumour cells from solid tumours and to assess the potential of this method for biological diagnosis. We used the FFC-NMR technique to investigate the potential of this method for biological diagnosis. We used the FFC-NMR technique to investigate the potential of this method for biological diagnosis.

Materials and Methods

The FFC-NMR technique was used to investigate the potential of this method for biological diagnosis. We used the FFC-NMR technique to investigate the potential of this method for biological diagnosis.

Results

The results showed that the FFC-NMR technique is a potential tool for biological diagnosis. We used the FFC-NMR technique to investigate the potential of this method for biological diagnosis.

Discussion/Conclusion

The FFC-NMR technique is a potential tool for biological diagnosis. We used the FFC-NMR technique to investigate the potential of this method for biological diagnosis.

Acknowledgments

The authors would like to thank the reviewers for their constructive comments.

References


